

Climate change and the role of finance and insurance: With a focus on adaptation

Paul Clements-Hunt, Head, UNEP Finance Initiative



Part 1

About the United Nations Environment Programme's Finance Initiative

What is UNEP FI?

United Nations Environment Programme Finance Initiative

UNEP FI is a unique public-private partnership between **UNEP** and 177 **financial institutions** worldwide.

Mission: To identify, promote and realise the adoption of best environmental and sustainable practices at all levels of financial institution operations.







UNEP FI and the UNFCCC Negotiations

COP 8, New Delhi, 2002: Climate Risk to Global Economy

COP 9, Milan, 2003: Emissions Trading

COP 10, Buenos Aires, 2004: Finance for Carbon Solutions - The CDM

COP 11, Montreal, 2005: The Future of Climate Policy

COP 12, Nairobi, 2006: Adaptation and Vulnerability

COP 13, Bali, 2007: Climate Risk & Opportunity for Financial

Services in a Global Economy



Key Publications



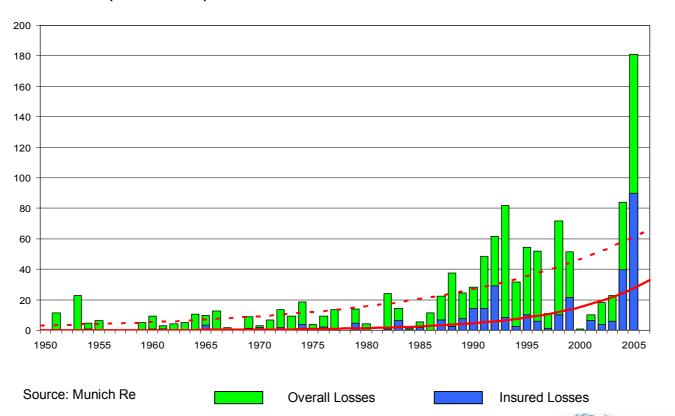


Part 2

Activities of finance and insurance on climate change

Great Weather Disasters (1950 – 2006)

USD billion (2006 values)



Strong upward trend:

Higher insurance penetration

Growing property values

Coastal value concentration

Climate change (flood)



Climate Change: Investment Analysts' Report

- Lehman Brothers "The Business of Climate Change Challenges and Opportunities"; A research on the effects of CC to 16 industry sectors
- **UBS** "Climate Change: Beyond Whether"; Analysis of the effects on CC to investment activities in general and its strategies going forward
- Citigroup "Climatic Consequences: Investment Implications of a Changing Climate"; Selection of 74 firms (from 21 sectors in 18 countries) identified as CC winners



Climate Change Investments

- Allianz RCM's Global EcoTrends Fund EUR 1 billion portfolio of companies in renewable energy, pollution control, and clean water
- Swiss Re European Clean Energy Fund closed with a value of EUR 350 million acting as anchor investor; maintains a CHF 500 million sustainability portfolio of its investments in alternative energy
- HSBC Global Climate Change Index tracks performance of 300 companies benefiting from exposure to climate change aligned products and services; launched a Global Climate Change Fund for clients to invest in this index



Carbon Emission Markets

- Swiss Re engaged in worldwide emissions markets; structured risk transfer products for carbon funds and compliance buyers, and secondary carbon market trading
- **UBS World Emissions Index** first index to track emissions allowances. Launched Nov 2006.
- Merrill Lynch Green and Gold Consultancy service for companies to develop a carbon strategy and voluntarily reduce their firms' carbon emissions.



Climate Change & Insurance

- Swiss Re Climate Change Adaptation Program insurance against drought to small farming villages in India and Africa.
- **AXA** comprehensive insurance coverage for wind farms, which generated USD14 million in premium revenue in 2006
- CarbonRe Carbon Delivery Guarantee Insurance for nondelivery in carbon credit transactions.
- Allianz ECOmotion first climate neutral car insurance which neutralizes the annual CO2 emissions of the insured vehicle.



Carbon neutrality

- Aviva first insurer to carbon neutralise operations on a worldwide basis
- HSBC first major bank and first FTSE100 company to become carbon neutral



Climate Change Initiatives

- **AXA Research Fund** EUR 100 million to support academic research on core risks to the human being and the environment
- Munich Re Founding member of Munich Climate Insurance Initiative to develop insurance-related climate change solutions in developing countries
- HSBC Climate Partnership USD 100 million partnership with the Climate Group, WWF, Smithsonian Tropical Research Institute and Earthwatch Institute to respond to the threat of climate change worldwide





Part 3

Climate change adaptation: Roles of finance and insurance

Bali Roadmap: Process for a post-Kyoto agreement

- Adopted in Dec 2007 at the UNFCCC in Bali, Indonesia
- Process to finalise a post-2012 international CC agreement
- Current financial mechanisms and the Kyoto Protocol focused on CC mitigation (eg, carbon markets, CDM/JI)
- Half of Bali Roadmap focused on CC adaptation



Climate Change Adaptation Cost

Estimated global cost of adaptation by 2030

- US\$40bn for agriculture, forestry and fisheries, water supply, human health and coastal zones
- US\$8-130bn for adaptation of new infrastructure

Insurance sector expected to play a key role in CC adaptation

- Public-private partnerships (PPP) for climate related insurance
- Mechanisms for improving risk management & disaster response
- Open access to climate-related data sets

Details to follow...



Climate Change Adaptation

Public-private partnerships (PPP) for climate related insurance

Issue	Role of government	Role of private sector
Hazard reduction	Basic data and research Awareness-raising	Risk modelling
Resillence- enhancing measures	Regulation and enforcement	Incentives in product design
Vuinerable sectors/ communities	Infrastructure Pilot adaptation scheme funding Diminishing livelihood support	Micro-finance and -insurance backed by reinsurance Pooled development funds
Risk transfer	Guarantee fund Volatility smoothing	Insurance if conditions of insurability are met Otherwise services for public schemes
Disaster relief	Restricted, using hazard reduction and pre-funding	Relaxed terms of business during emergency. Services for public schemes Claims under climatic impact insurance

Climate Change Adaptation

Mechanisms for improving risk management & disaster response

- Alternative risk transfer (ART) products
 - Captive insurance companies
 - Weather derivatives
 - eg. World Food Programme buys WDs from Axa Re for disaster relief in Ethiopia: Indexed payout \$7m, premium \$930k/yr
 - Catastrophe bonds (cat bonds)

Another example

Integrated property insurance

Conventional insurance: provided once property developed Integrated: Insurers involved from infrastructure planning.

Climate Change Adaptation

Open access to climate-related data sets

Accurate & timely data at reasonable prices

- Supports growth in weather derivatives & other risk transfer products (especially in developing countries)
- eg. Better weather data in rainfall insurance
 - reduce basis risk for clients
 - improve reinsurance rates



Credit Crunch: Its effects to climate change financing & investments

Short Term: CC investment and financing is hit hard

- Lower carbon price, falling oil price
- Intense competition for capital: Sustainable projects less competitive as its business models are based on future prospects
- Political attitude: "let's save the world later"



Credit Crunch: Its effects to climate change financing & investments

Medium Term: Where will the money go?

- Cash hoarding cannot last long
- Need for the finance & investment community to rebuild its credibility and reputation
- Opportunity for financiers & investors to re-evaluate their business model. Opportunity to mainstream environmental, social and governance (ESG) factors integrated into core strategies, processes, products and services

Innovative financing for sustainability

UNEP FI's Recommendations

- Integrate climate change related risks & opportunities into core financial operations
- Engage with government decision makers
- Reduce one's own direct impacts contributing to climate change and report annual emissions transparently.





Thank you for your attention

For more information:

www.unepfi.org

climate@unepfi.org

